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(73) Patenthaver:

Jydsk Løfte- og Maskinteknik ApS, Erhvervsparken 2, 9500 Hobro, Danmark

(72) Opfinder:

Jan Bryld, Erhvervsparken 2, 9500 Hobro, Danmark

(74) Fuldmægtig:

InnovatorLAB v/Marcus Reinholdt Pedersen, Viborggade 74, 2. th., 2100 København Ø, Danmark

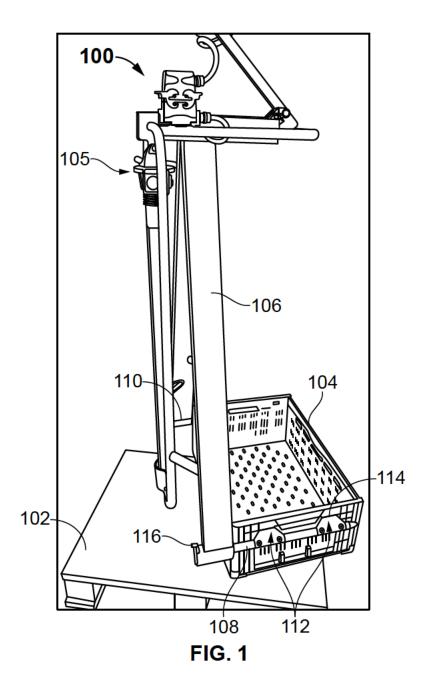
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(57) Sammendrag:

The present invention discloses a system comprising a lifting apparatus (100) and a number of objects (104) to be lifted by the lifting apparatus (100). The apparatus (100) comprises a rigid frame (106) having two beams with their lower ends spaced apart and their upper ends touching each other forming a triangular structure. Each beam comprises a lance (108, 110) extending perpendicularly from the lower end of the beam. Each lance (108, 110) is non-displaceably connected to a lower portion of its respective beam, thereby the lances are configured to detachably support an object (104) therebetween. The apparatus further comprises a lifting gear (105) configured for lifting and lowering the apparatus (100). The object (104) includes grooves (114) on two opposite sides and each lance comprises flaps (112). The flaps (112) are configured to detachably engage to the grooves (114) of the object (104) via a spring mechanism.



LIFTING APPARATUS

TECHNICAL FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention disclosed herein generally relates to system comprising a lifting apparatus and a number of objects to be lifted by the lifting apparatus. More particularly, the present invention relates to a lifting apparatus used for raising, transporting, lowering and safely placing an object or stacked objects, for example, boxes.

BACKGROUND

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Material lifting equipment is probably required in many industries for handling objects, for example, boxes. The boxes are used for storing and transporting materials from one place to another using lifting equipment. Handling a large number of boxes is too heavy for personnel to carry and maneuver around by hand. Currently, many industries use different types of lifting or logistic equipment such as, lifting gears, cranes, and lift trucks. The existing lifting equipment, cranes, and lift trucks have long been used in industries for handling stacked boxes and containers. The cranes and lift trucks are manually operated by one or more operators to raise, transport, and lower the stacked objects, for example, boxes.

However, handling stacked boxes using the existing lifting equipment, cranes, and lift trucks is difficult and cumbersome. If the lift truck is used for handling the stacked boxes, then the jaws or claws of the lift truck could damage the side portions of the boxes due to tightness. The lift truck frequently cannot gain access to the bottom portion of the stacked boxes, thereby additional equipment and workers are required. The existing lifting equipment and the lift trucks are in need of regular maintenance, which incurs additional cost.

A prior art, US 7080824 B1 of *George David W* et al., discloses a chain motor drive controller for a chain hoist. The system employs a position encoder including a position sensor located within the casing of the chain hoist to producing encoded electrical position signals. Another prior art, CN 206985639 U of Wuxi Aiyili Machinery Co Ltd., discloses a pallet fork with two lances for carrying turnover box. However, the prior arts lack to describe a lifting apparatus with entire gripping means and lifting gear enabling it to be self-hoisting, for securely handling box-shaped loads.

In the light of above-mentioned problems, there is a need for an efficient lifting apparatus for raising, transporting, and lowering objects. Further, there is also a need for providing an inexpensive and simple lifting apparatus for handling the stacked objects, for example, boxes.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

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This summary is provided to introduce a selection of concepts in a simplified form that are further disclosed in the detailed description of the invention. This summary is not intended to identify key or essential inventive concepts of the claimed subject matter, nor is it intended for determining the scope of the claimed subject matter.

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The present invention discloses a system comprising a lifting apparatus and a number of objects to be lifted by the lifting apparatus. The apparatus comprises a rigid frame having two beams with their lower ends spaced apart and their upper ends touching each other forming a triangular structure. Each beam comprises a lance extending perpendicularly from the lower end of the beam. Each lance is non-displaceably connected to a lower portion of its respective beam, thereby the lances are configured to detachably support an object therebetween. The apparatus further comprises a lifting gear configured for lifting and lowering the apparatus. The object includes grooves on two opposite sides and each lance comprises flaps. The flaps are configured to detachably engage to the grooves of the object via a spring mechanism. The spring mechanism is

configured to tilt the lances, thereby detachably engaging the flaps of the lances to the grooves of the object for raising and lowering the object from a platform by the operator and transporting the objects to a desired place by means of the lifting gear.

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Other objects, features and advantages of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description. It should be understood, however, that the detailed description and the specific examples, while indicating specific embodiments of the invention, are given by way of illustration only, since various changes and modifications within the scope of the invention will become apparent to those skilled in the art from this detailed description.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The foregoing summary, as well as the following detailed description of the invention, is better understood when read in conjunction with the appended drawings. For illustrating the invention, exemplary constructions of the invention are shown in the drawings. However, the invention is not limited to the specific methods and structures disclosed herein. The description of a method step or a structure referenced by a numeral in a drawing is applicable to the description of that method step or structure shown by that same numeral in any subsequent drawing herein.

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- FIG. 1 exemplarily illustrates a side perspective view of a lifting apparatus used for raising at least one object from a platform in an embodiment of the present invention.
- FIG. 2 exemplarily illustrates a side perspective view of the lifting apparatus used for raising at least three objects from the platform in one embodiment of the present invention.
 - FIG. 3 exemplarily illustrates a side perspective view of the lifting apparatus used for raising at least five objects from the platform in one embodiment of the present invention.
 - FIG. 4 exemplarily illustrates a rear perspective view of the lifting apparatus used for raising at least three objects from the platform in one embodiment of the present invention.

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FIG. 5 exemplarily illustrates a perspective view of the lifting apparatus in an embodiment of the present invention.

- FIG. **6** exemplarily illustrates a side perspective view of the lifting apparatus used for raising objects from stacked objects on the platform in one embodiment of the present invention.
- FIG. 7 exemplarily illustrates an enlarged view of the lifting apparatus used for raising objects from the platform in one embodiment of the present invention.
 - FIG. **8** exemplarily illustrates an enlarged view of flaps affixed to a lance of the lifting apparatus in one embodiment of the present invention.

FIG. 9 exemplarily illustrates an enlarged view of an indicator positioned at a bottom portion of the lifting apparatus in one embodiment of the present invention.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

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Referring to FIG. 1, a system comprising a lifting apparatus 100 and a number of objects 104 to be lifted by the lifting apparatus 100 from a platform 102 is shown. In one embodiment, the object 104 could be a box and a euro pallet box. In one embodiment, the apparatus 100 could be used in different industries for raising and transporting the objects 104 from one place to another. The apparatus 100 comprises a rigid frame 106 having two beams with their lower ends spaced apart and their upper ends touching each other forming a triangular structure. Each beam comprises a lance (108, 110) extending perpendicularly from the lower end of the beam. Each lance (108, 110) is non-displaceably connected to a lower portion of its respective beam, thereby the lances are configured to detachably support an object 104 therebetween. The apparatus further comprises a lifting gear 105 configured for lifting and lowering the apparatus 100. The object 104 includes grooves 114 on two opposite sides and each lance comprises flaps 112. The flaps 112 are configured to detachably engage to the grooves 114 of the object 104 via a spring mechanism.

In one embodiment, one or more flaps 112 are affixed to the lances (108 and 110) (shown in FIG. 5) for holding the object 104. In one embodiment, the flaps 112 are configured to engage to the grooves 114 of the object 104 via the spring mechanism. In one embodiment, the spring mechanism is incorporated at the bottom portion of the rigid frame 106. In one embodiment, the spring mechanism is configured to tilt the flaps 112 into the grooves 114 of the object 104, thereby the operator could raise and transport the object 104 from a platform 102 and lower it at the desired place or on a floor via the lifting gear 105.

Referring to FIG. 2, the lifting apparatus 100 is used to raise at least three objects 104 from a platform 102 and transporting the objects 104 from one place to other. Referring to FIG. 3, the lifting apparatus 100 is used to raise at least two stacked objects 104 from the platform 102. The lances (108 and 110) (shown in FIG. 5) could be placed

on both sides of the object 104, thereby the flaps 112 could detachably engage to the grooves 114 of the object 104 for holding.

Referring to FIG. 4, the apparatus 100 further comprises an indicator 116. In one embodiment, the indicator 116 is located at a bottom portion of the rigid frame 106. In one embodiment, the indicator 116 is configured to represent the position of the flaps 112 of the apparatus 100. In one embodiment, the indicator 116 is further connected to the spring mechanism within the rigid frame 106.

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Referring to FIG. 5, the lances (108 and 110) are placed on both sides of the objects 104. The operator or user could place the lances (108 and 110) on both sides of the object 104, thereby the flaps 112 could detachably engage to the grooves 114 of the object 104 for holding. Further, the operator could operate the apparatus 100 (shown in FIG. 1) for raising, transporting, and lowering the stacked objects from the platform 102 to position on the desired place or a floor.

Referring to FIG. 6, the apparatus 100 (shown in FIG. 1) is used to raise the objects 104 from the stacked objects. In one embodiment, the apparatus 100 (shown in FIG. 1) is further configured to raise and transport the objects 104 anywhere from the stacked objects. The operator could place the lances (108 and 110) (shown in FIG. 5) of the apparatus 100 (shown in FIG. 1) on both sides of any one of the objects 104 in the stacked objects, thereby the flaps 112 could detachably engage to the grooves 114 of the object 104 for holding.

Referring to FIG. 7, the apparatus 100 (shown in FIG. 1) further comprises at least two indicators 116. In one embodiment, the indicators 116 could be positioned on both sides of the rigid frame 106. In one embodiment, the indicators 116 are configured to indicate or represent the position of the flaps 112.

Referring to FIG. 8, the flaps 112 are affixed to the lance 108. In one embodiment, the flaps 112 are further configured to automatically disengage from the grooves 114 of the object via the spring mechanism when the objects 104 are placed on a floor. In one embodiment, the flaps 112 further comprise a sanded surface.

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Referring to FIG. 9, the indicator 116 of the apparatus 100 (shown in FIG. 1) is configured to move to vertical or horizontal positions. In one embodiment, if the indicator 116 moves to vertical position, the operator or user can easily identify the position of the flaps 112 that automatically disengages from the grooves 114 of the object 104. In one embodiment, if the indicator 116 moves to horizontal position, the user can identify the position of the flaps 112 that engages to the grooves 114 of the object 104.

The advantages of the present invention include: the lifting apparatus 100 is simple in construction and operation, where the operator or user could easily operate the apparatus 100. The apparatus 100 is an inexpensive lifting equipment and maintenance free. The apparatus 100 could be made of steel, iron, and plastic based upon the end use. The apparatus 100 could be used in different industries without any modification for logistics and shipping applications.

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The foregoing examples have been provided merely for the purpose of explanation and are in no way to be construed as limiting of the present concept disclosed herein. While the concept has been described with reference to various embodiments, it is understood that the words, which have been used herein, are words of description and illustration, rather than words of limitation. Further, although the concept has been described herein with reference to particular means, materials, and embodiments, the concept is not intended to be limited to the particulars disclosed herein; rather, the concept extends to all functionally equivalent structures, methods and uses, such as are within the scope of the appended claims. Those skilled in the art, having the benefit of the teachings of this specification, may affect numerous modifications thereto and changes may be made without departing from the scope of the concept in its aspects.

KRAV

1. Et system omfattende et løfteapparat (**100**) og et antal objekter (**104**) der skal løftes af løfteapparatet (**100**), nævnte apparat (**100**) kendetegnet ved:

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en stiv ramme (106) med to bjælker hvor deres nedre ender er adskilt fra hinanden og deres øvre ender berører hinanden og danner en trekantet struktur, hvor hver bjælke omfatter en lanse (108, 110) der strækker sig vinkelret på den nedre ende af bjælken, hvor hver lanse (108, 110) er ikkeforskydelig forbundet til en nedre del af dens respektive bjælke, derved er lanserne (108, 110) konfigureret til at aftageligt understøtte et objekt (104) derimellem;

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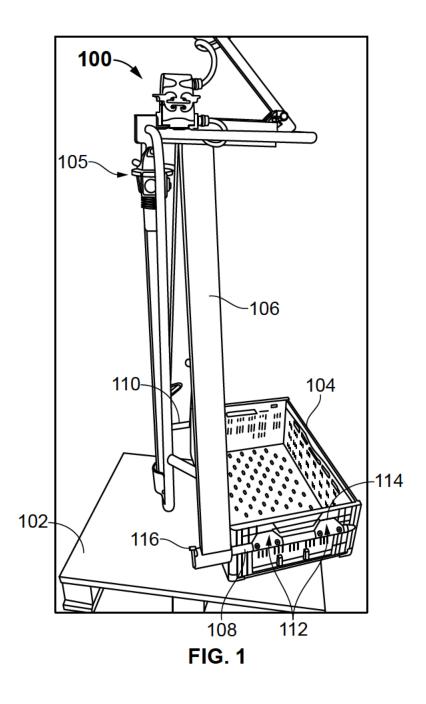
et løfteapparat (105) konfigureret til at løfte og sænke apparatet (100) i samarbejde med en struktur, der ikke er en del af apparatet (100), hvor objektet (104) inkluderer en eller flere riller (114) på to modsatte sider; og hver lanse omfatter en eller flere flapper (112), hvor flapperne (112) er konfigureret til aftageligt at gå i indgreb med rillerne (114) af objektet (104) via en fjedermekanisme,

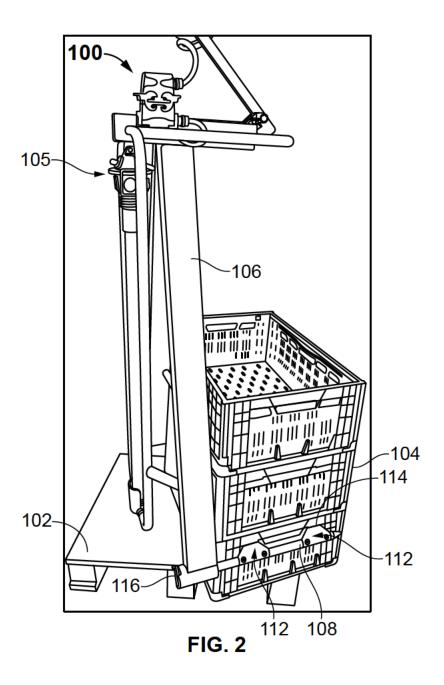
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hvor fjedermekanismen er konfigureret til at vippe lanserne (108, 110), derved aftageligt gribe med flapperne (112) af lanserne (108 and 110) til rillerne (114) af objektet (104) til at hæve og sænke objektet (104) fra en platform (102) af operatøren og transportere genstande (104) til et ønsket sted ved hjælp af løfteudstyret (105).

- 25 2. Apparatet (100) ifølge krav 1, yderligere omfatter en indikator (116) placeret i en bunddel af den stive ramme (106).
 - 3. Apparatet (**100**) ifølge krav 2, hvor indikatoren (**116**) er konfigureret til at repræsentere flappernes placering (**112**).

- 4. Apparatet (**100**) ifølge krav 1, hvor fjedermekanismen er inkorporeret i bunddelen af den stive ramme (**106**).
- 5. Apparatet (100) ifølge krav 1, hvor flapperne (110) er yderligere konfigureret til at løsne sig fra rillerne (114) af objektet (104) via fjedermekanismen, når objektet (104) placeres på et gulv.
 - 6. Apparatet (100) ifølge krav 1, hvor flapperne (112) omfatter en sleben overflade.





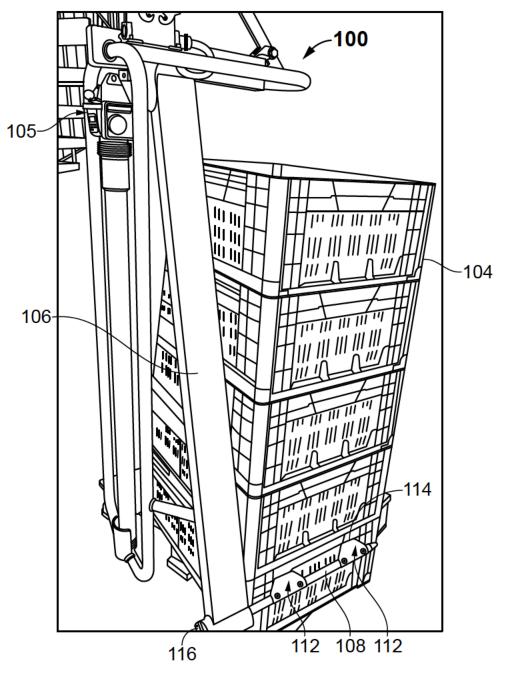
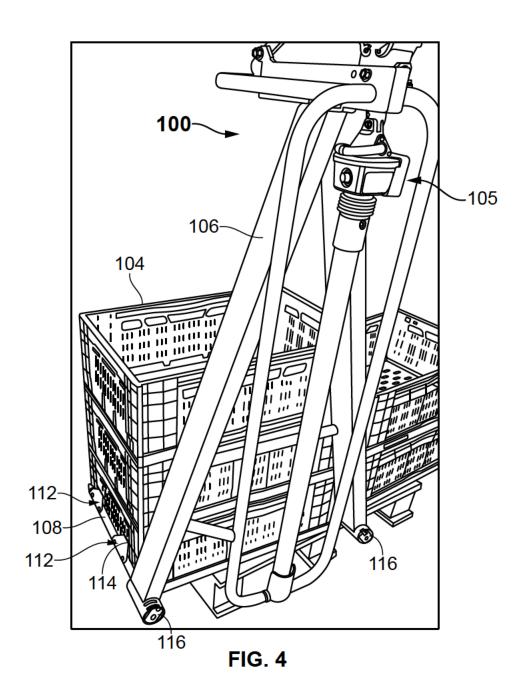


FIG. 3



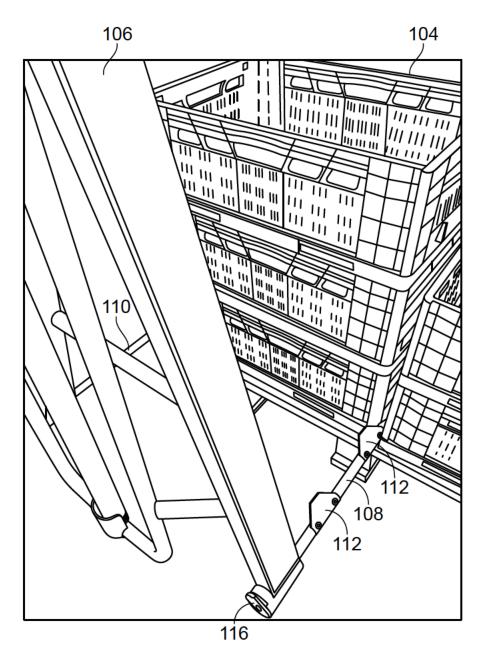


FIG. 5

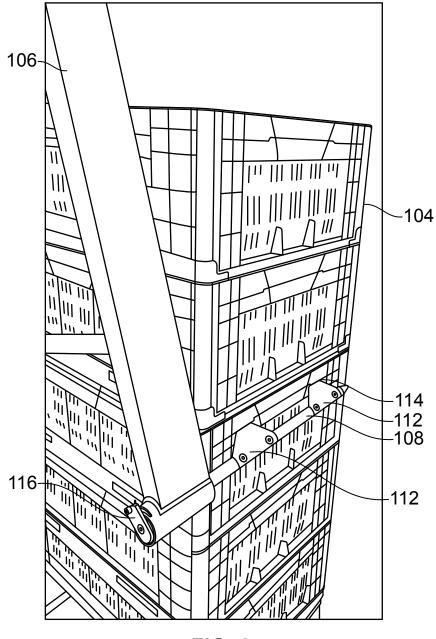


FIG. 6

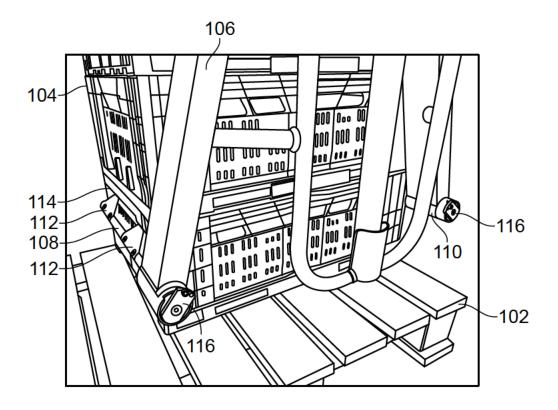
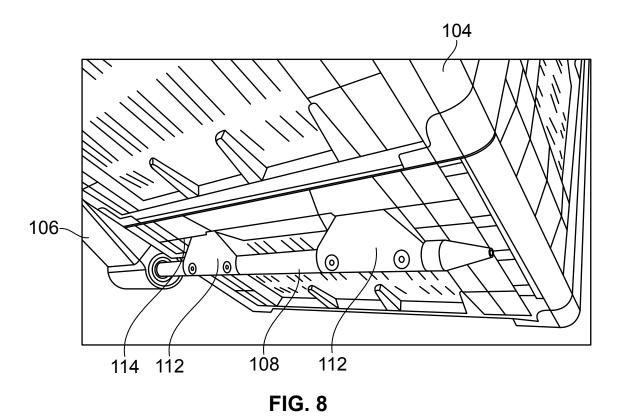


FIG. 7



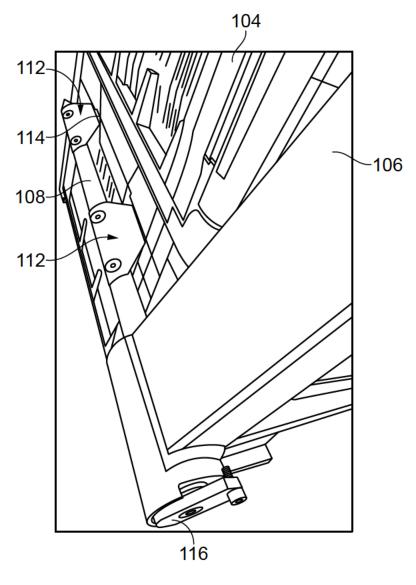


FIG. 9